Re-revision of Rohtak District Gazetteer- Chapter XV

Education

(Upto Sr. Secondary Education)

Education plays a vital role in moulding the life of children, as child is bestowed with discipline and moral values and vast thinking with education. To grow up the children in safe, secure and healthy environment and to face the challenges of the world- healthy educational environment is necessary.

After 1970 District Rohtak has been divided two times. Sonepat District was carved in 1970 and District Jhajjar was formed on 15 July, 1997 from Rohtak District. At present in Rohtak District, there are 147 villages and four Towns named as Rohtak, Meham, Kalanaur and Sampla. Total geographical area of the District is 1745 Sq. KM and total population of the District is 9,40,128 as per 2001 census. To give proper education to the masses in District Rohtak there is one pre-primary school, 66 recognized Primary Schools, 101 recognized Middle Schools, 328 High/Senior Secondary Schools with 6498 teaching staff. At present, 208185 students are receiving education in various schools. No. of schools, with teaching staff and the students receiving education has also been shown in the table given below:-

	No. of Schools	No. of students Receiving education			No. of SC student receiving education			No. of
								teaching
								staff
		Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	
Primary	66(29 Govt.	12382	10826	23208	3381	3147	6528	797
(Independent)	+ 37							
	Recognized							
Middle	101(36	17070	16290	33360	3180	3006	6186	646
	Govt + 65							
	Recognized							
High/	328(152	78383	73234	151617	16340	15119	31459	5055
Senior Sec.	Govt. +176							
Schools	Recognized							
Total		107835	100350	208185	22901	21272	44173	6498

In order to improve the educational structure three directorate came into existence in September 2005 named as Department of Primary

Education, Department of Secondary Education and SSA to be called as unified Directorate of School Education respectively headed by Director Primary Education as Additional Commissioner School Education, Director Secondary Education called as Commissioner & Director General School Education and State Project Director SSA cum Additional Commissioner Prathmik Siksha Priyojna Prishad respectively.

At District level there is a District Education Officer, Additional District Education Officer cum District Elementary Education Officer and three Dy. District Education Officers. At block level there is Block Education Officer and now Educational Block have been made co-terminus with (CD) Community Development Blocks, as this arrangement is harmonious with the spirit of Sarv Shiksha Abhiyan and its implementation strategies. Offices of sub-divisional officers have been wound up now.

At present under reorganization of the educational set up in September, 2005 the boys and girls schools up to middle standard are controlled by District Elementary Education Officer. The High and Senior Secondary Schools are controlled by District Education Officer. They are assisted by three Dy. District Education Officers. The District Education Officer and District Elementary Eduation Officer are also assisted by 5 Block Education Officers working in five Blocks i.e. Rohtak, Lakhan Majra, Meham, Kalanaur and Sampla. To see the interest of Mathematics and Science in the District, two posts of District Science Specialist (DSS) and District Math Specialist (DMS) have also been created at District Level.

District has touched the new booms in the field of Education, particularly after 1980. Total literacy percentage of the District is 63.02 %. Male literacy percentage is 70.83% and female literacy percentage is 53.80%, as per 2001 census data.

The position in respect of various grades of schools is discussed below:-

Primary Schools:

The course of primary education covers a period of five years. Since 1961 primary education has been made compulsory. The education at primary stage is imparted free and all such schools are mixed. Almost every Panchayat area has a primary school. Teachers are provided at the pupil-teacher ratio of 40:1. The medium of instructions is Hindi as well as English from Class 1st.

Upto 31 March, 2008 there were 66 (29 Govt. + 37 Recognized) Primary Schools managed by the Govt. and were imparting education to 23208 students in District Rohtak.

Middle Schools:

Introduction of free and compulsory primary education in Govt. Schools is having its impact on the enrollment in Middle Schools. Primary Schools are upgraded to Middle Schools as their enrollment increases. Ordinarily one teacher is appointed for every 40 scholars in Middle Schools.

Upto 31 March, 2008, 101 (36 Govt.+65 Recognized) Middle Schools managed by the Govt. were imparting education to 33360 students. Out of 33360 students 17070 were boys and 16290 girls.

High/ Senior Secondary Schools:

For a majority of students, secondary Education has to be of terminal character. Only in case of a limited number, who proceed to higher Education, Secondary Education provides a preparatory stage. This postulates that secondary schools should offer a variety of courses calculated to meet the requirement of those who wish to earn their livelihood after some specific training besides preparing a broad base for admission to higher courses of study leading to professional training at the higher level.

In pursuance of this aim, many high schools have been converted to the Sr. Sec. pattern. Conversion involves complex problems involving funds for additional buildings and equipment and adequate trained personnel.

As on 31 March, 2008, 328 (152 Govt + 176 Recognized) High/Senior Secondary Schools were imparting education to 151617 scholars. To give special encouragement to girls, education upto Secondary level is also free.

There are 11 Model Schools in the District and One Model Sanskriti Senior Secondary School working at Model Village Sanghi. Model Sanskriti School is imparting education from 1st to 12th Standard in English Medium and is teaching in all the three streams i.e. Humanities, Commerce and Science.

Sarv Shiksha Abhiyan:

Sarv Shiksha Abhiyan was started in the year 2002-03 and its objective is to provide compulsory education in the age group of 6-14 years. This Abhiyan is an effort to universalize the elementary education by community ownership of school system. It is a response to the demand for quality basic education all over the country. It is an effort to provide 'Social Justice' through basic education. It is a machinery, which works as a toolfor developing the basic infrastructure in educational institutions.

SSA gives an opportunity to educate the 'out of school' children with routine and self employment based education. It provides a wide convergent frame work for implementation of elementary education schemes. It is also a programme with budget provision for strengthening vital areas to achieve universalization of elementary education. For expansion of education among masses, free text books and work books are provided to all the students (Boys & Girls) up to Middle Standard.

- Cycles are provided to those girl students of 6th class who come from a distance of 2 KM in the school. During the year 2004-05 to 2008-09, 1218 Lady Bicycles were distributed in the District.
- Identification of out of school children—During the month of July, 2009 a survey of the age group of 6-14 years was conducted by teachers under the guidance and supervision of DPC office. The pedagogical better inputs with the teachers, the subject material modified according to the need of the child and improvement in the school infrastructure changed the scenario.
- There are 52 Bhatta Pathshalas were running in District Rohtak in the year 2009-10.
- Total 1406 Disabled children had been identified through House Hold Survey in the District in 2009-10 out of which 1321 children were enrolled in the schools. The 112 Aids and Compliances for CWSN were distributed at Block Level in the District.
- 172166 free text books in Primary Classes and 322665 free text books in upper Primary Classes were distributed during the year 2009-10.

Education of Women:

Women Education is necessary, if country is to step forward. Woman is the 'Pivot' round which the whole House revolves. If woman is educated, she will teach the children easily in the house. It has been aptly remarked, that House is 'Pratham Pathshala'.

Pace of women education was slow till 1970. After that special attention was given to educate women. Many steps have been taken in this regard. Free Education is being imparted to girls upto 12th standard. As per 31 March 2008 data in Rohtak District, there are 66 recognized Primary Schools, 101 Middle Schools and 328 High/ Senior Secondary Schools in the District, managed by Govt. of Haryana. Out of this 5 Middle Schools and 63 High/ Senior Secondary Schools are only for Girls. Literacy of women in the District is 53.80%.

Education of Scheduled castes and Backward classes:-

Before, 1947 no special attention was paid to the spread of Education among the scheduled castes and backward classes. These people were too poor to afford the benefits of education and too backward to know its importance. But a special attention was given in the constitution to educate and uplift this section of the society. Special provisions were laid down in the constitution and numbers of facilities were extended by reserving seats in professional and technical institutions.

As on 31 March, 2008, 31459 Scheduled Castes students were receiving education in High/ Sen. Sec. Schools, 6186 in Middle schools and 6528 in Primary / Pre-Primary Schools in the District.

Briefly, we may say expansion of education is gaining momentum speedily, as education is the Prime and foremost concern in our country and this concern is also been the highlight in Govt. of India's union budget as well as policies of Govt. of Haryana are also aimed at strengthening the educational system, so that the state must achieve the 100% literacy target.

Let us work together to achieve the goal a head -- 'Education for All'.
